24.—Populations of Towns and Villages having between 1,000 and 5,000 Inhabitants in 1931, Compared with 1901, 1911 and 1921—concluded.

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Town or Village.	1901.	1911.	1921.	1931.	Town or Village.	1901.	1911.	1921.	1931.
Saskatchewan—concluded.	-				Alberta—concluded.				
Shaunavon		_ !	1,146	1,761		796			1,447
Rosetown		317	865	1,553			1,400		
Lloydminster ¹	_	663	755	1,516		- 499	625		1,270
AssiniboiaIndian Head	768	1,285	1,006 1,439	1,454 1,438		499 424	1,029 995	1,133 1,069	$1,259 \\ 1,224$
Rosthern	413	1.172	1,074	1,412		-	1,444	1.416	
Watrous	-	781	1,101	1,303	Redcliff	- i	220		
Wilkie	_	537	778	1,222	${f Claresholm \dots }$	-	809	963	1,156
Canora	-	435	1,230		Wainwright	_	788		
Maple Creek	382	936 421	1,002 961	1, 154	BeverlyOlds	218	917	1,039 764	
SutherlandGravelbourg		421	1, 106			317	602		$1,030 \\ 1.024$
Moosomin	868	1,143	1,099	1,119	Pincher Creek	335			
Battleford	609	1,335	1,229	1,096	Fort Saskatchewan	306			
Tisdale	_	250	783	1,069	Dalita Calamana		ļ	ļ.	`
Wynyard		515	849	1,042				٠	
Kindersley	-	456				261 802			
HerbertRadville	_	559 233	827 883	1,009 1,005		1.196			
	-	200	000	1,000	Rossland (city)	6, 156		2,097	2.848
Alberta.					Revelstoke (city)	1,600		2,782	
Drumheller (city)	-	_	2,499	2,987	Fernie (city)		3,146	2,802	2,732
Red Deer (city)	323		2,328		Prince George (city)	-	l -	2,053	
Camrose	<u>-</u>		1,892	2,258	Chilliwack (city)	277	1,657		
Wetaskiwin (city)	550				Cumberland (city)	732	1,237		
Raymond	-	1,465	1,394 1,590				_	1,056 1,178	$\begin{array}{ c c c c } 2,356 \\ 1,843 \end{array}$
Coleman	639	$egin{array}{c} 1,557 \ 1,207 \end{array}$				746	2,517	1, 170	1,443
Vegreville		1.029				'-"	-, -	-, -51	1,314
Blairmore	231	1,137			Port Coquitlam (city)	-	-	1,178	
Edson	_	497	1,138	1.547	Grand Forks (city)	1,012			
Hanna	-	-	1,364			-	703		
Grande Prairie	150		1,061] -	_	1,030	
High River	153	1,182	1,198	1,459	Courtenay (city)] -	-	810	1,219
	I	ı	l	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>' </u>	1		<u> </u>

¹Under the Saskatchewan Town Act, Lloydminster, Alberta, is merged with Lloydminster, Saskatchewan, for municipal purposes.

Rural and Urban Farm Populations.—Of the 10,362,833 people who form the population of the nine provinces of Canada, exclusive of the Territories, only 3,289,507 or 31.7 p.c. live on farms.

There are 728,623 farms within the nine provinces and, considering the 14,056 farms (see Table 25) which are located within the limits of incorporated cities, towns or villages as "urban", the farm population is classified as 3,224,241 living on rural farms and 65,266 on urban farms. More than one-half (50·5 p.c.) of the people on urban farms are in Quebec and only 23·6 p.c. in Ontario. Alberta ranks third with 6·4 p.c. and Nova Scotia fourth with 5·7 p.c. This is in contrast with the distribution on rural farms where 24·4 p.c. are in Ontario, 23·1 in Quebec, 17·4 in Saskatchewan and 11·5 in Alberta; these four provinces, therefore, have 76·4 p.c. of the rural farm population. The rural and urban farm populations bear a very close relationship to the number of farms of each class in the individual provinces but the distribution of rural farms follows more closely the distribution of total population (see Table 1) than that of urban farms. Among the provinces, Quebec has the greatest number of persons per farm on farms of both the rural and urban classes.

Table 25 gives the number of farms and the farm populations, urban and rural, by provinces as recorded at the Census of 1931.